

Florida Department of Environmental Protection

Basin Management Action Plans (BMAP)

Terry Hansen P.G., PG Administrator 850-245-8561 terry.hansen@dep.state.fl.us













Identify success criteria

Water Quality Framework

Evaluate water quality

Adopt pollutant reduction targets

Collect data Monitor and report progress Analyze and verify annually List "impaired" waters Adapt and change – new Set water statewide annual report quality standards RFPFAT Measure **Monitor water** success quality and adapt **Determine Excessive nutrients** pollution **Develop and** problems implement Bacteria, Metals, and restoration Other Impairments plans Allocate responsibilities (BMAPs) Identify projects **Work with Establish** •Infrastructure community restoration leaders goals •Best Management Practices (TMDLs) (BMPs) Establish schedules Gather additional data



Suwannee River Basin Regional Setting

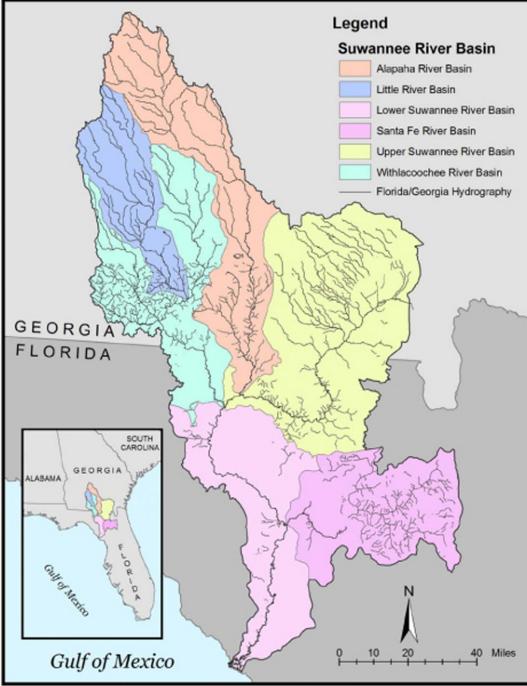


Figure 1-1. Basins of the Suwannee River System (Hornsby and Raulston, 2000).



Regulatory Framework

The process for preparing BMAPs is found in:

- Section 403.067, Florida Statutes (F.S.), known as the "Florida Watershed Restoration Act"
- The 2016 Florida Springs and Aquifer Protection Act lists requirements for BMAPs for OFS
- Requirement is to achieve TMDL in 20 years
 - Plan is to achieve:
 - 30 % reduction in 5 years
 - 80 % in 10 years
 - 100 % in 15 years





Withlacoochee River:

OFS* - Madison Blue

Middle Suwannee River:

OFS* – Falmouth, Lafayette Blue, Peacock, and Troy

Lower Suwannee River:

OFS* – Fanning and Manatee

*OFS = Outstanding Florida Spring

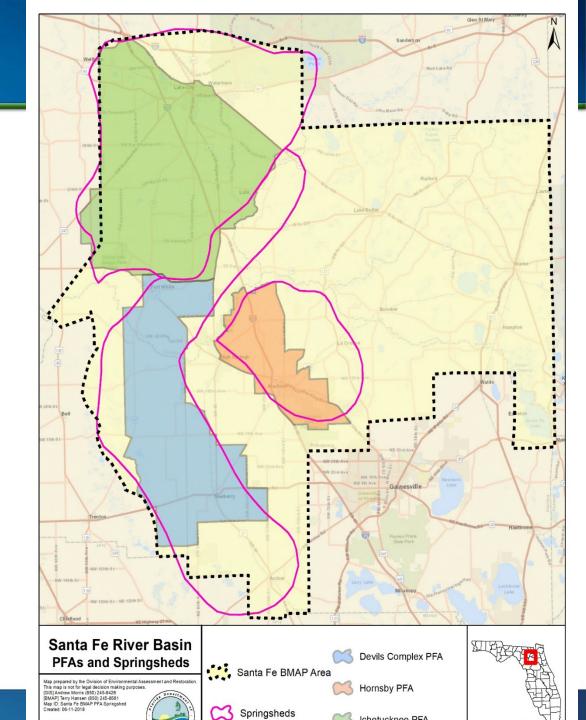




Santa Fe River BMAP Area

OFS* – Ichetucknee, Hornsby, Treehouse, Columbia, & Devils Complex

*OFS = Outstanding Florida Spring





Wacissa BMAP Area

OFS* – Wacissa

*OFS = Outstanding Florida Spring

